

How We Survived the Summer of 2001

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Forecasts for California's Summer '01

- "NERC's best estimate is that there will be about 260 hours" of rolling blackouts. National Electric Reliability Council. 5/01
- Rolling blackouts will be "in the hundreds of hours. I expect Californians will grow pretty weary of them pretty quickly". Michael Zenker, Director of Cambridge Energy Research Associates. 5/9/01



Summer '01 Projection February 2001

Temperature Probability	1-in-10
Peak Demand + 7% Operating Reserve	61,125
Firm In-State Generating Capacity	54,375
Firm Imports	4,841
Available Generation Capacity	59,216
Estimated Outages	3,050
Dependable Generation Capacity	56,166
Surplus / Deficit	— 4,959



What happened - Summer '01

Good news

- Even though there were six blackouts
 between Jan. 1 to May 8, 2001, the West
 had no black-outs in the summer.
- After June 1, 2001 only two Stage I and two Stage II alerts
- Only six days of ISO load greater than 40,000 MW. Compared to 29 days in 2000

Bad news

 Without emergencies demand responsive loads could not be tested



What Reduced Demand

- Updated Efficiency Standards
- Rebate/Incentive Programs
- Public Awareness Campaign
- Business Partnerships
- Earned Media
- Retail Rate Increases
- **20/20 Rebates**



Update Efficiency Standards

- AB 970 required the Energy Commission to update its building standards in 120 days
- Standards adopted in 119 days
- Solved the Duct Tape Problem! (it works on everything but ducts)
- Will reduce demand by 200 MW a year 10 years 2,000 MW





New Funding - PUC Programs

Measure	2001 Funding	9/1/01 MW	7/1/02 Projected
	(\$Mil)	Saved	<u>Savings</u>
Summer Peak Initiative	\$67.0	124	124
Appliance Rebates	\$50.0	58	100
Commercial Lighting Retrofits	\$35.0	37	60
Low-Income Weatherization and Appliance Rebates	\$45.0	8	12
	\$197.0	227	296



New Funding - CEC Programs

Measure	5x/29x Funding (\$Mil)	9/30/01 MW Saved	Projected Savings 7/1/02
LED Traffic Signals	\$10.0	6	8
Innovative Programs	\$48.0	34	95
Demand Responsive Buildings	\$48.0	122	186
Cool Roofs	\$23.9	2	20
State Bldgs. And Public Univ.	\$5.5	51	51
Water/Wastewater	\$16.3	53	56
Municipal Utilities	\$40.0	45	59
Agriculture	\$87.1	30	35
Local Government Loans	\$49.5	1	5
Real Time Meters	\$34.0	31	470
	\$362.3	375	985









State Bldgs. & Cool Roofs





Real Time Meters









Bovine and Landfill Gas





New Funding - Other Programs

Measure	Cost (\$Mil)	MW Goal	Saved 9/1/01
Public Awareness, 20/20, Rates, etc.	\$50.0	1,000	4,016
Classroom Outreach	\$7.0	NA	0
Other Low Income	\$220.0	NA	0
Renewable Projects	\$99.5	41	0
State Energy Projects.	\$35.0	40	0
Mobile Efficiency Brigade	\$40.0	100	40
State, Fed. & Local. Govt. Response	?	658	658
AC Cycling	?	319	300
ISO/CPUC Demand/Curtailment	?	740	735
Demand Bidding Program	?	279	0
CPUC Interruptible Tariff Program	?	826	1,280
-	\$451.5	2,901	7,029



CCC Hands Out 1.8 Million Compact Fluorescent Lamps!





Paid Media Campaign

- Television, Radio and Print
- Designed to reach 84% of Californians20 times over the summer
- English, Spanish, Mandarin, Cantonese, Vietnamese & Korean
- Reached 95% of all adults an average of 25 times



Earned Media

- Energy crisis on front page of every major newspaper almost every day
- Lead story on state and national TV news
- **Energy nerds became minor celebrities**
- **56%** said electricity is the most pressing issue facing the state (PPIC)



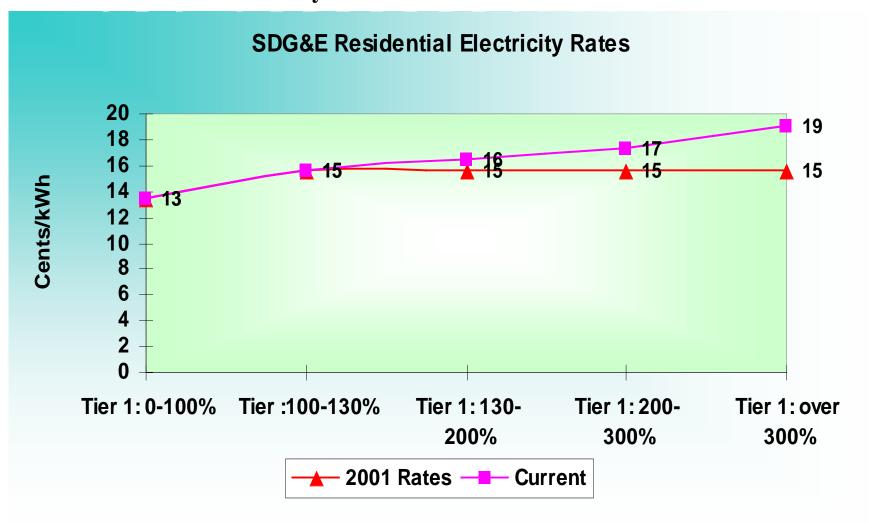
Time Differentiated Rates

- All IOU customers over 500 kW already on TOU rates
- Energy Commission is installing 23,000 real time meters for all customers greater than 200 kw
- PUC requires all customers who get the new meter be switched to TOU rates



SDG&E Retail Rates Effective 6/1/01

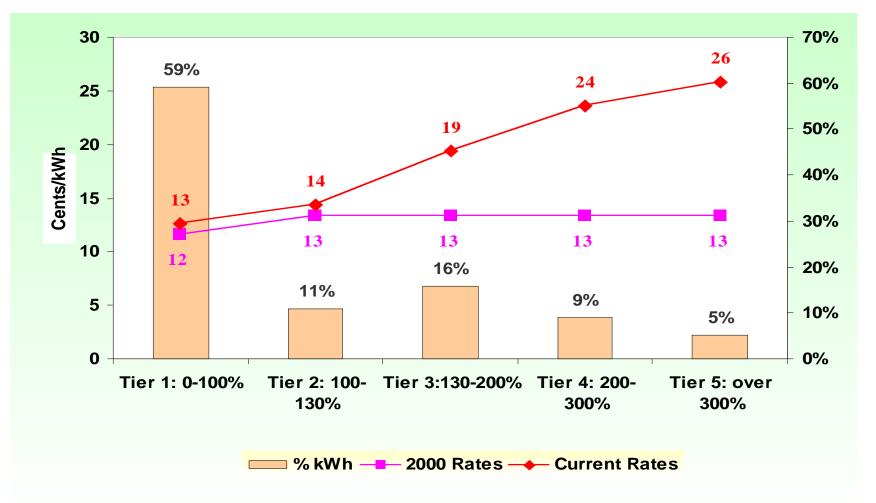
Residential Electricity Prices & % kWh Over Baseline





PG&E Retail Rates Effective 6/1/01

Residential Electricity Prices & % kWh Over Baseline





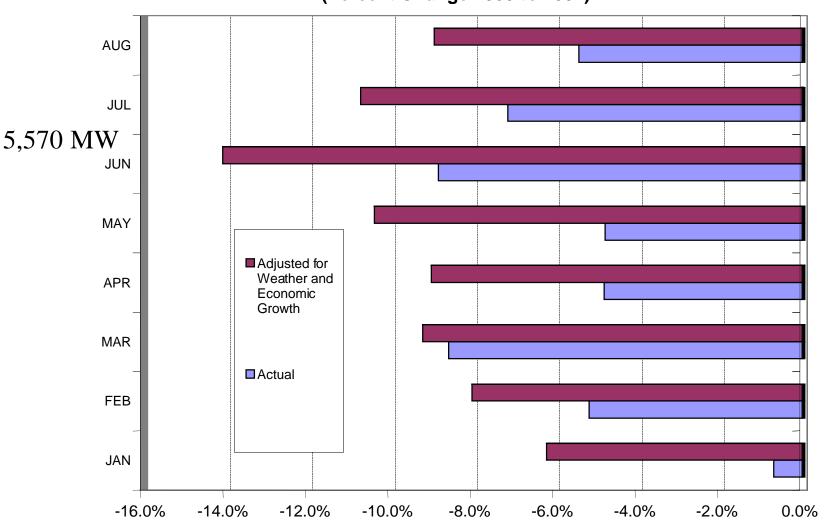
20/20 Rebate

- **20%** rebate on electricity bill for consuming 20% less than last year
- IOU's only
- June through Sept.
- Based on total energy consumption for Residential
- Peak for NonRes. on TOU rates



Peak Demand Reduction in 2001

(Percent Change 2000 to 2001)





Was it Just the Weather?

Similar Summers

Cooling Degree Days: 2001 - 2000

	2000	2001 Diff.	<u>ference</u>
Los Angeles	119	84	-35
Burbank	330	341	11
San Bernardino	624	680	56
Fresno	710	872	162



Was it Just the Weather?

Two Similar Days

Year	<u>2000</u>	<u>2001</u>
Date	Wednesday August 2	Friday August 17
Temperature (°F)		
San Francisco	73	73
Sacramento	100	100
Los Angeles	87	83
Peak Demand (MW)	44,906	40,384



Meeting the 5,000 MW Goal

August 1, 2001

Generation

Conservation

- Increased output from existing plants
 - **505 MW**
- Accelerate construction of approved plants
 - 1,365 MW
- Develop new peaking and renewable plants

— 460 MW

Total 2,330 MW

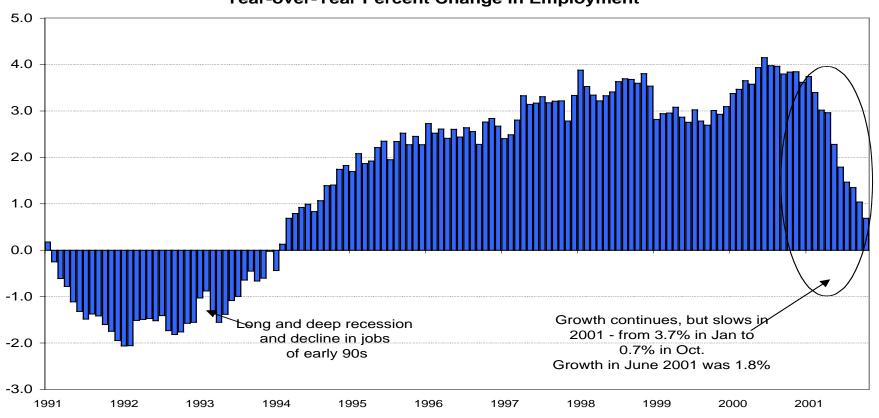
- Update Efficiency Standards
 200 MW in 2002
- Expansion of Rebate/Incentive and Demand Responsive
 Programs 3,629 MW
- Maximize Voluntary
 Conservation 4,016 MW

Total 7,645 MW

Flex

California Economy was Growing in the Summer of 2001

California Economic Growth
Year-over-Year Percent Change in Employment





Consumer Demand Reduction Evaluation-residential

- Loren Lutzenhiser, Washington State U.
- 1,700 residential telephone surveys
- Several hundred in-depth interviews
- A follow-up survey of all 1,700 next summer
- Preliminary Results



How Many Households Conserved?

About 79% of households reported some actions

But about 37% were responsible for the majority of the savings

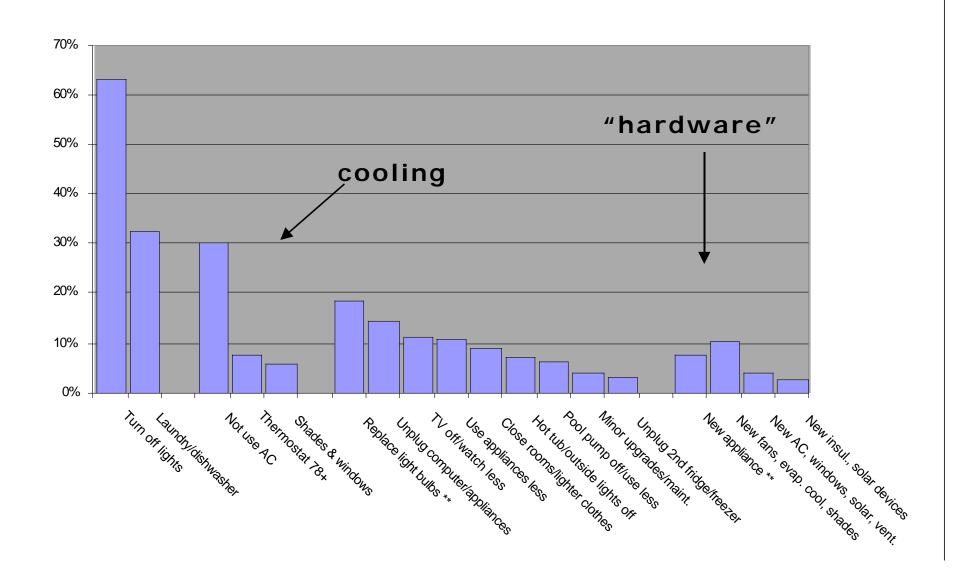


The Most Important Motivations?

	Very
	Important
To Stop Energy Suppliers from	79%
Overcharging	
Using Energy Resources Wisely	78%
Keeping Bills Down	77%
Trying to Avoid Blackouts	77%
Doing Our Part	69%
Qualify for Utility Rebate	33%

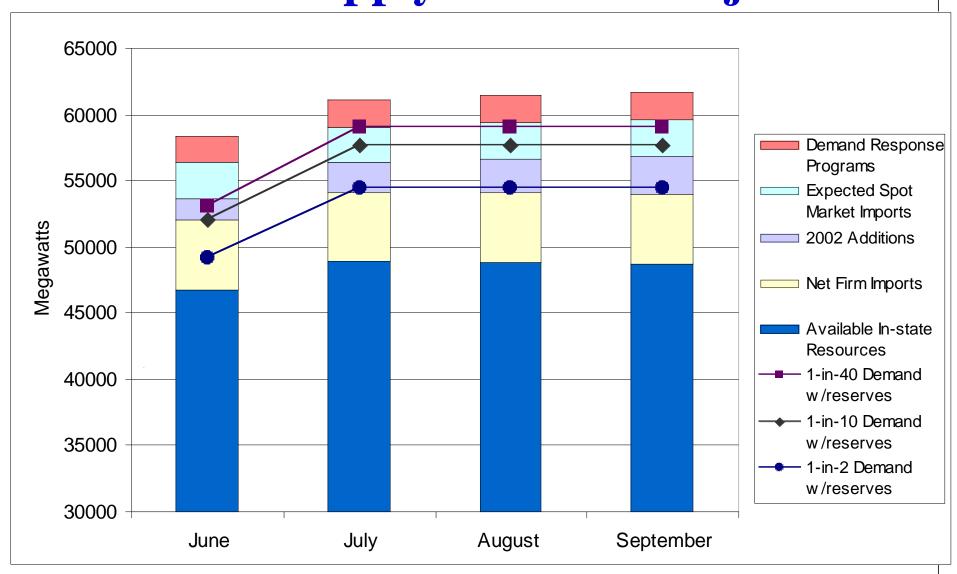


Household Conservation Actions





CEC Supply/Demand Projections





Projections for Summer of 2002

Peak Demand Reduction in California

